

Results of materials testing for ElectroSpark Deposition

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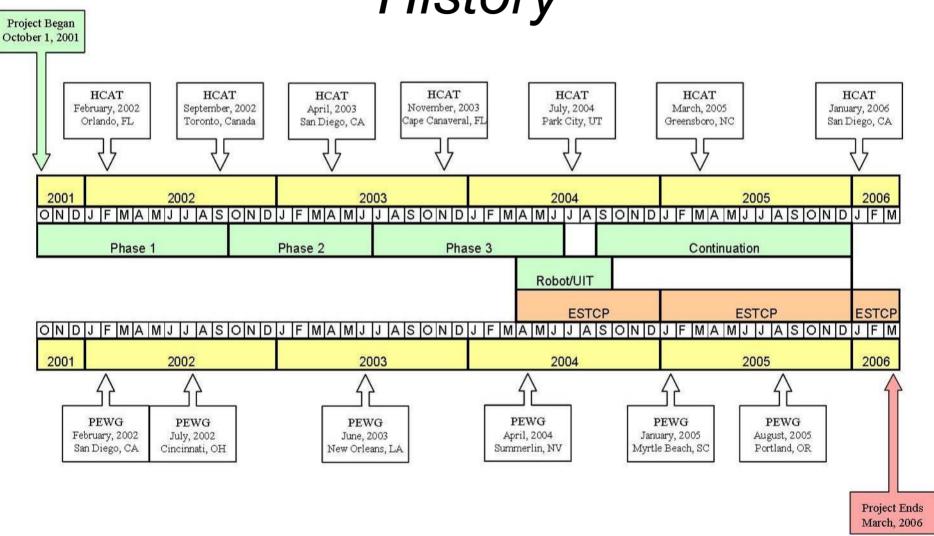
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History





Project Objective

The goals of this project are to demonstrate and validate ElectroSpark Deposition (ESD) as technically feasible and commercially viable for a production-scale process, and to perform the tests necessary to transition ESD for use on gas turbine engine components.





Participants

- ESTCP/HCAT
- PEWG
- Portland State University
- Edison Welding Institute
- Rowan Technology Group
- Pacific Northwest National Lab
- Air Force Research Lab
- Metcut
- Hamilton Sundstrand
- General Electric Aircraft Engines
- Pratt & Whitney
- Tinker AFB

Milestones

- Materials
- Optimization of ESD
- ESD/Robotics/UIT
- Joint Test Protocol
- ESD on Chrome Plate
- Components

HCAT Member WorkSpace →ESD→Test Plans→Demonstration Plan



What is ESD?

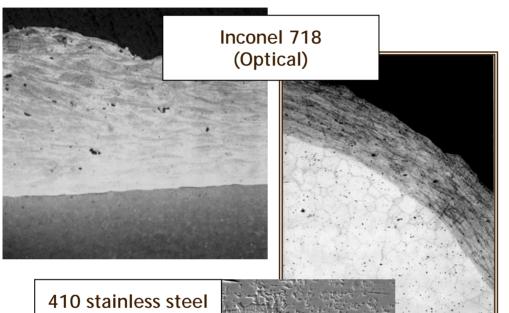
The ESD process is a capacitive discharge micro-arc process using a consumable electrode.

The electrode and substrate materials are melted, rapidly solidify, and build-up occurs incrementally.

- Metallurgical bond
- Low heat input
- Rapid solidification
- No pre-ESD preparation
- No post-ESD processing
- Environmentally benign
- Portable
- Applicable for NLOS



Materials



Inconel 718 (TEM) **ESD/Substrate Interface**

(SEM)

Hastelloy X

■ IN 718

■ 17-4 PH

■ 410 SS

Haynes 188 ■ Ti-6AI-4V

IN 625

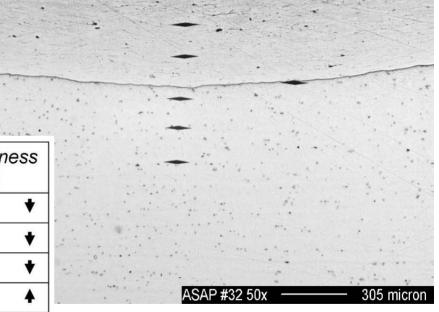


Discontinuities and µ-hardness

Material	Discontinuities Average Volume (%)
17-4 PH	1.88
410 SS	2.42
Hastelloy X	2.19
Haynes 188	2.26
Inconel 625	1.35
Inconel 718	1.41
Ti-6Al-4V	1.62



Material	Substrate Hardness (Knoop)	Repair Hardness (Knoop)
Inconel 718	526	363.8 ▼
17-4 PH	480	274.4 ♦
410 SS	509	395.7 ▼
Hastelloy X	246	342.2 ♠
Haynes 188	292	385.6 ▲
Inconel 625	267	363.4 ♠
Ti-6Al-4V	330	383.7 ♠





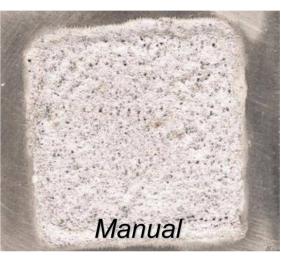
Optimization

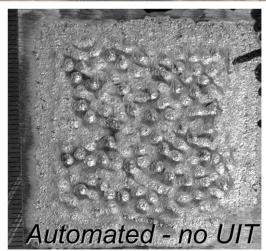
- Materials of Interest
 - □ *IN718* on *IN 718*
 - □ 410 SS on 410 SS
 - □ Ti-6AI-4V on Ti-6AI-4V
 - □ IN 625 on chrome plated IN 718
- DOE Optimization
 - □ Deposition Rate
 - □ Microhardness
 - □ Porosity
- Parameters Selected for Execution of Joint Test Protocol
- Added UIT



ESD, Robotics and UIT

Objective: Demonstrate improvement in quality and production rates of an ESD repair on IN718 through automation and ultrasonic impact treatment (UIT).

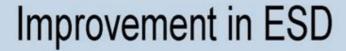






MOTOMAN SV3X

ESD, Robotics and UIT



Automated with UIT vs. Manual

Production Deposition Rates

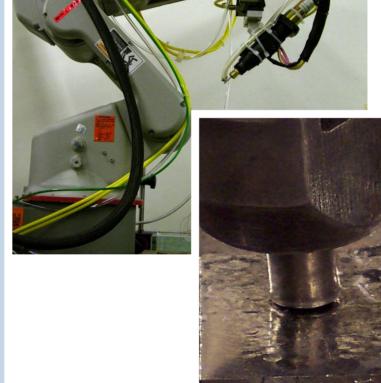
11 X

Discontinuities

0.8 X

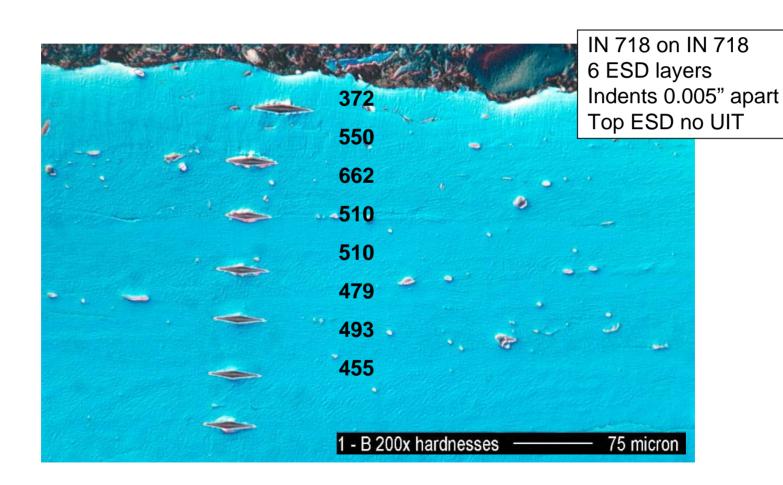
Hardness

1.3 X

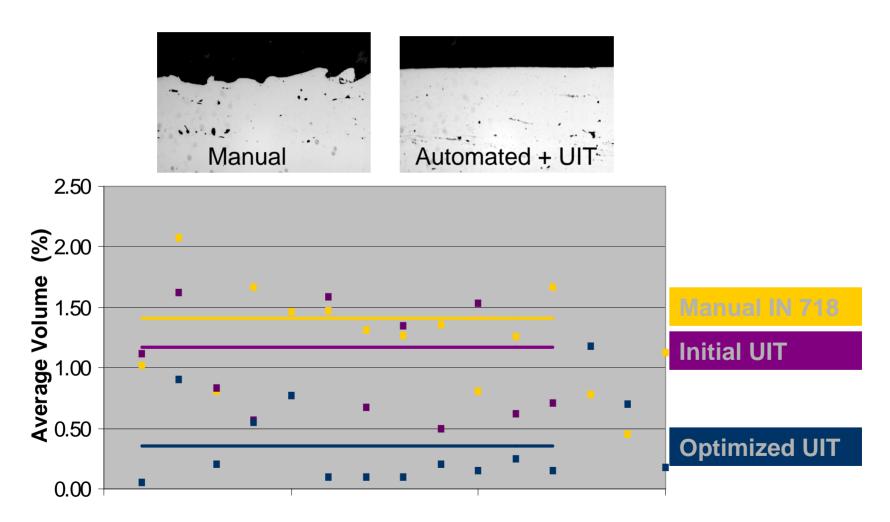




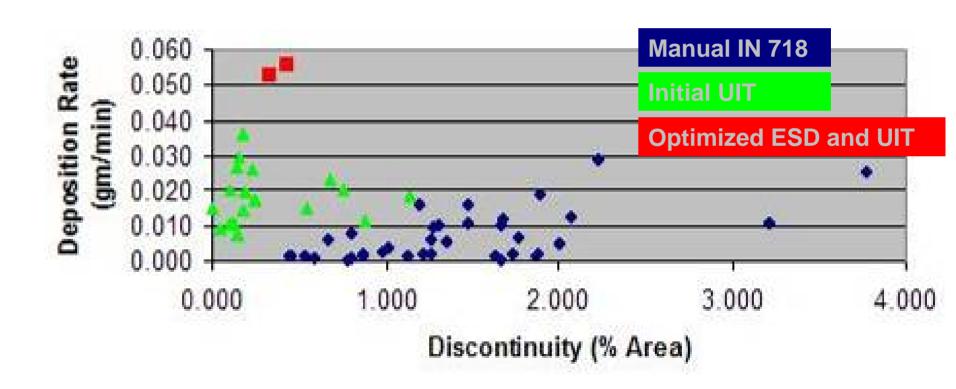
μ-hardness with UIT













- Pin on Disk Wear
- Fatigue
- Residual Stress
- Corrosion
- Adhesion Bond
- Tensile
- Hamilton Sundstrand Wear



Pin on Disk Wear

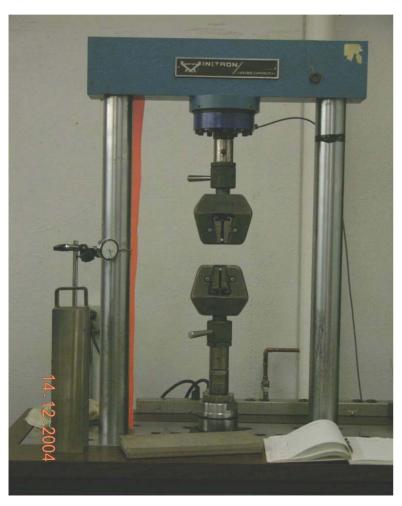




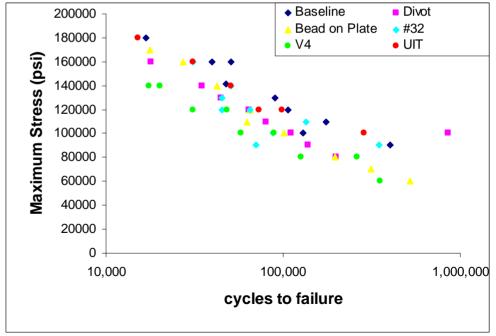


Specimen	Maximum Groove Depth		
	Base Metal	ESD	
2-1 (V4)	114	134	
2-2 (V4)	92	153	
2-4 (#32)	128	123	
2-3 (#32) long test	218	194	

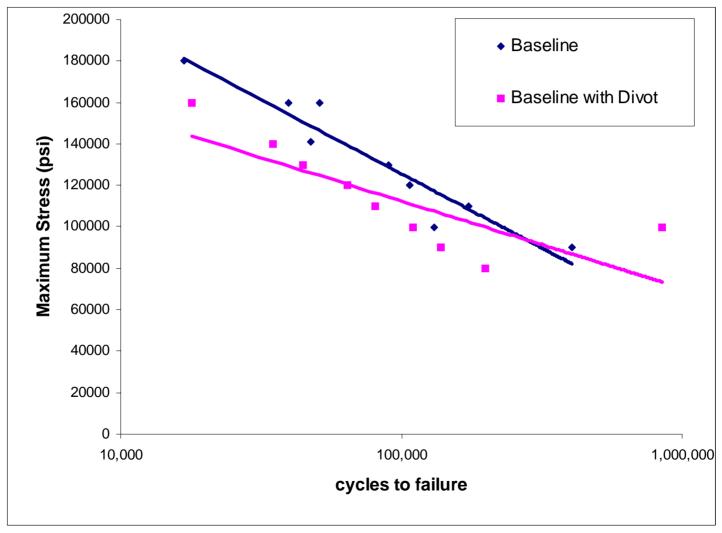




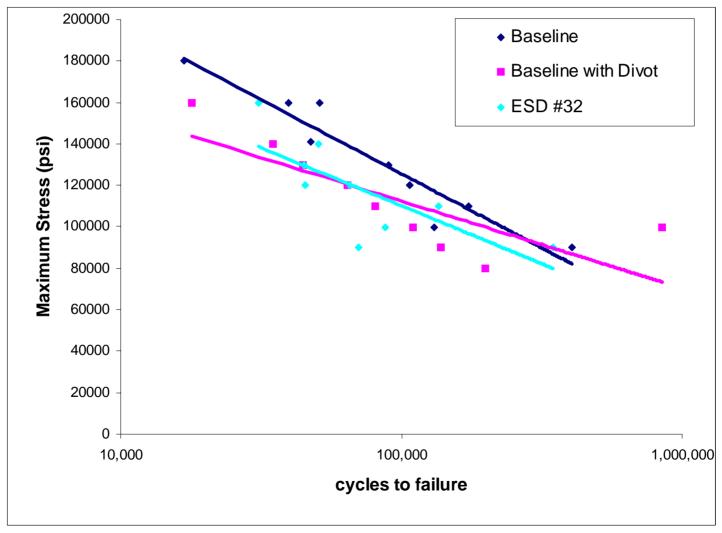




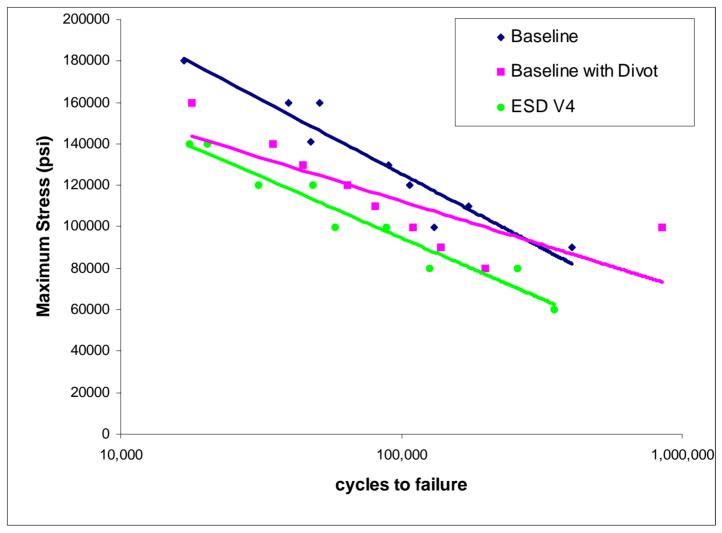




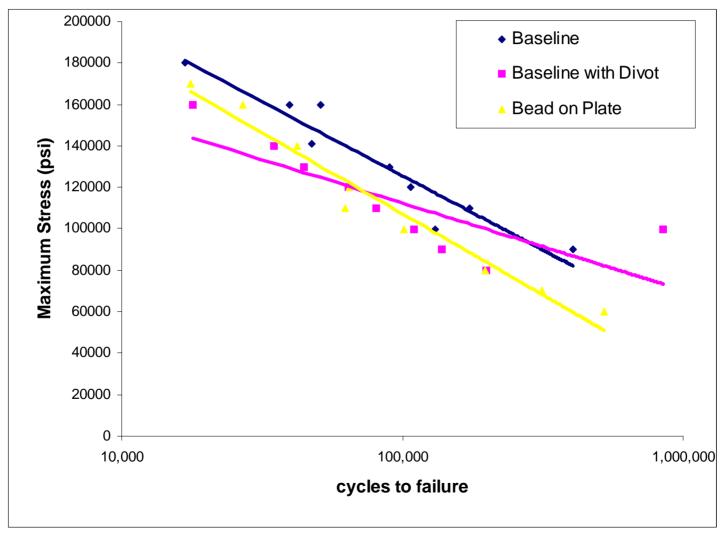




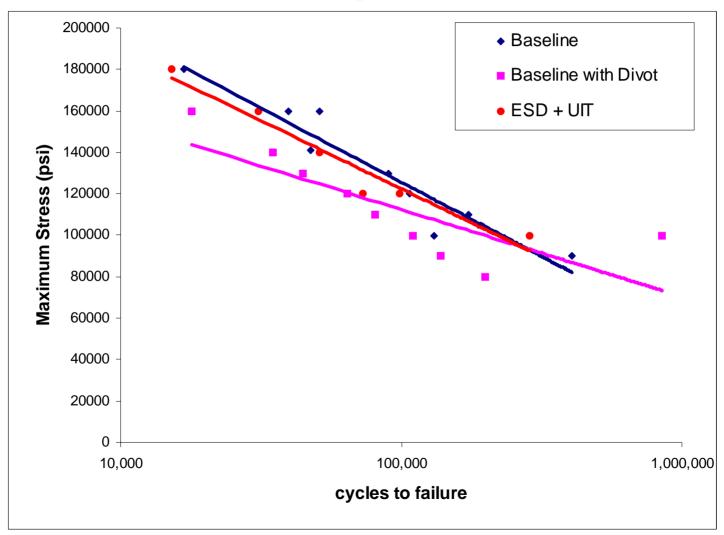






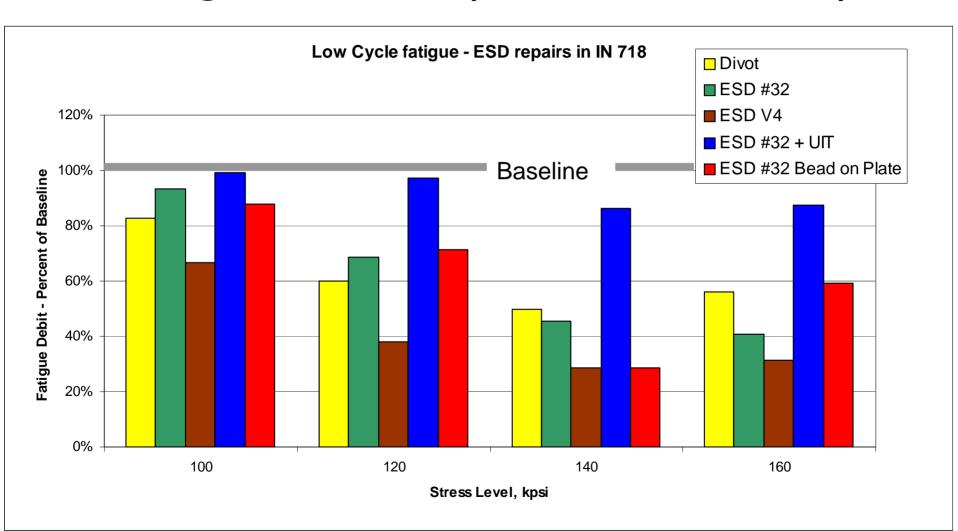








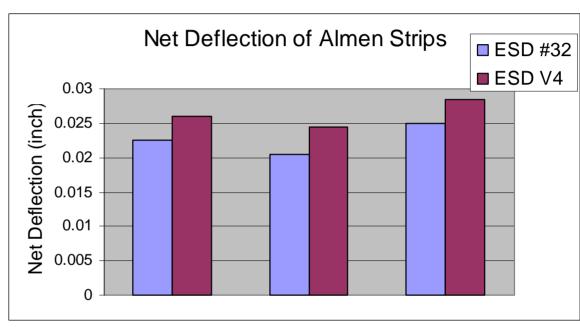
Fatigue Debit (% of Baseline)





Residual Stress





- The objective of including residual stress analysis in the JTP was to obtain an indication of the presence of residual stresses due to the ESD process.
- Results: Tensile stresses with ESD, Higher tensile stresses with increased energy (V4).



Corrosion

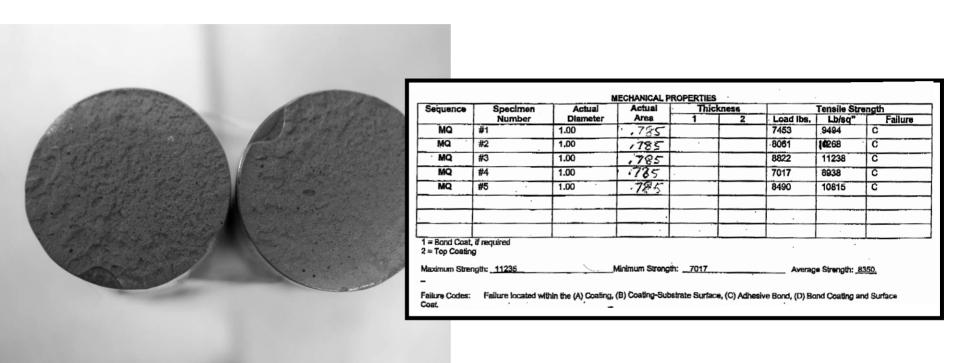


Coupon #	Parameters	Surface Finish
11	V4	Yes
12	V4	Yes
13	V4	Yes
14	#32	Yes
15	#32	Yes
16	#32	Yes
17	#32 + UIT	Yes
18	#32 + UIT	Yes
19	#32 + UIT	Yes
20	#32 bead-on-plate	No
21	#32 bead-on-plate	No
22	#32 bead-on-plate	No
23	#32 bead-on-plate	No
24	#32 bead-on-plate	No
25	#32 bead-on-plate	No

ASTM B117 performed



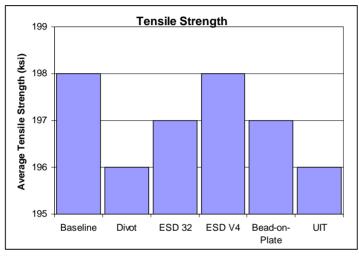
Adhesion Bond

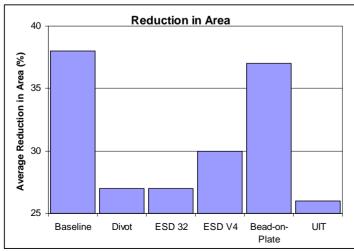


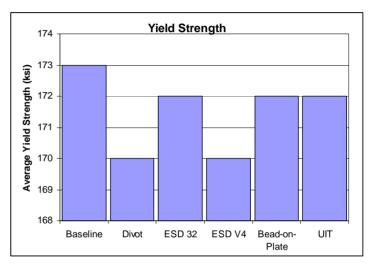
ASTM C 633 performed

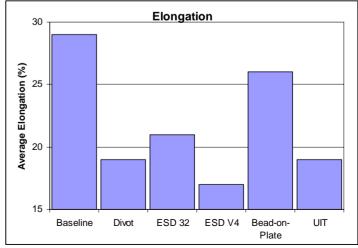


Tensile



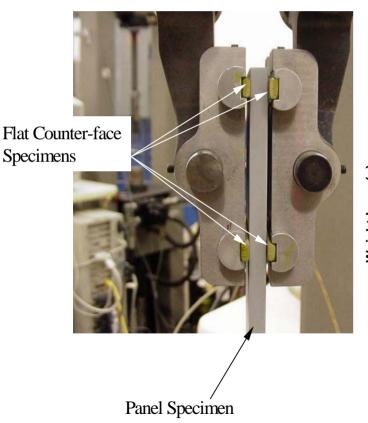






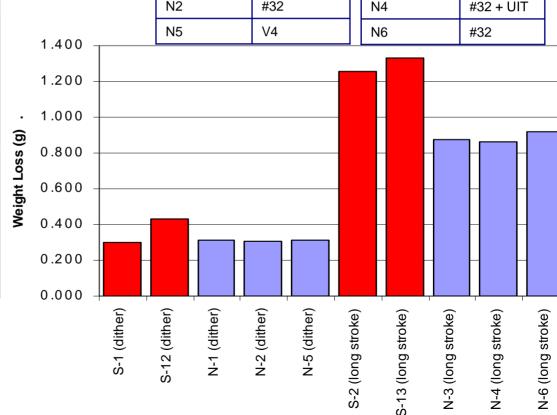


Hamilton Sundstrand Wear



Short stroke (fretting)		
S1 and S12	Baseline	
N1	#32 + UIT	
N2	#32	
N5	V4	

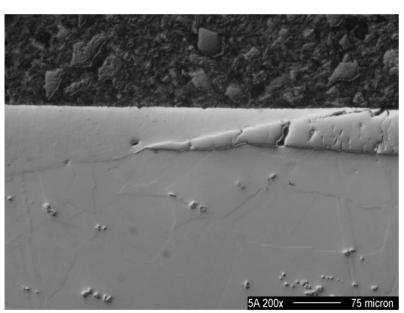
Long stroke (sliding)		
S2 and S13	Baseline	
N3	V4	
N4	#32 + UIT	
N6	#32	





Chrome Repair

Into the substrate





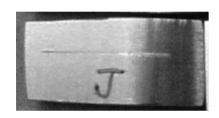






Chrome Repair

In the chrome only - scratches

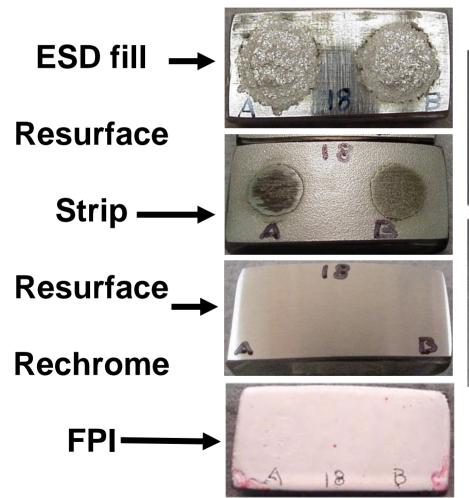


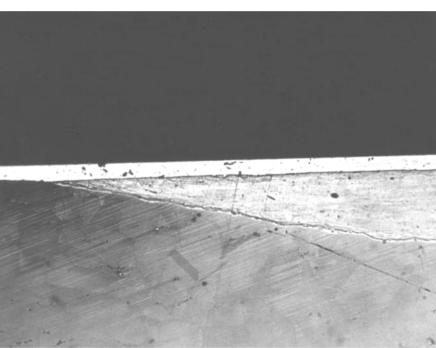






Strip and Rechrome





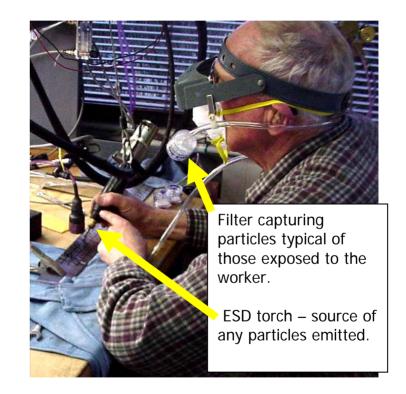


Chrome Particle Emissions

The ESD repair of chromium (EHC) does produce fine particulate of metallic chromium and hexavalent chromium.

At 6" and 12", up to 5 micrograms were measured.

No hexavalent chromium was found at the face level, even after collection of 1 cubic meter of air (8+ hours of exposure).



From Material Properties To Components

#5 Bearing Housing (410 SS)
Stator Segment (IN 718)
Compressor Rear Shaft (Chrome Plate)



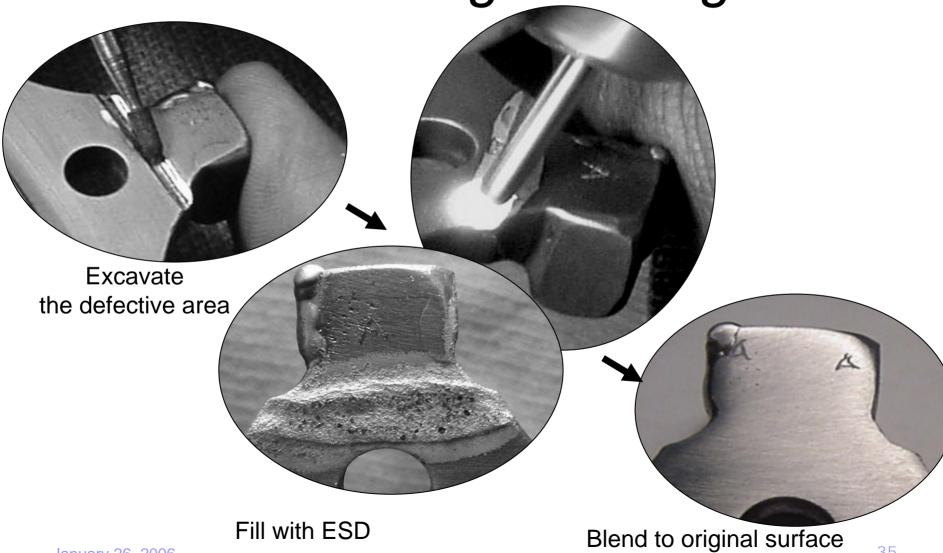


#5 Bearing Housing



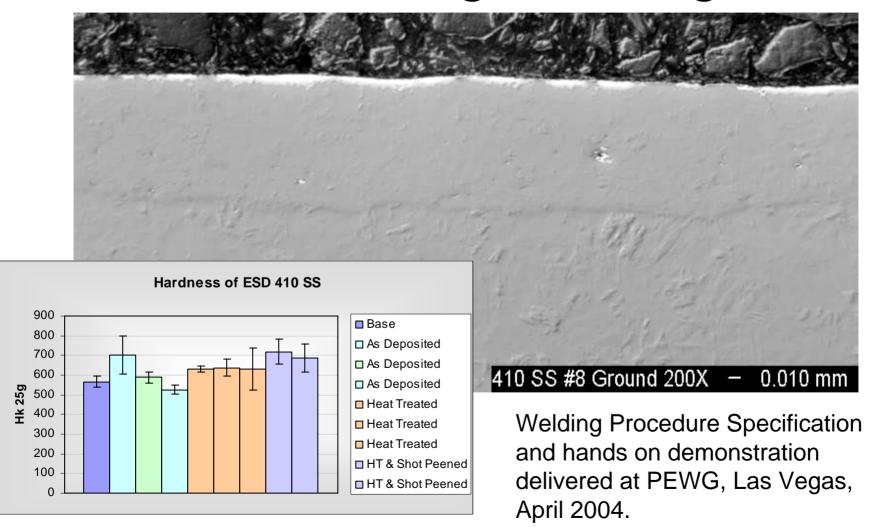


#5 Bearing Housing





#5 Bearing Housing





Stator Segment 10-12 Stage



37

Stator Segment 10-12 Stage

>0.005" deep wear in hook non-line-of-sight

Current repair: Cut off hook, weld on new, heat treat part

no repair if the part has met permissible heat treat cycles



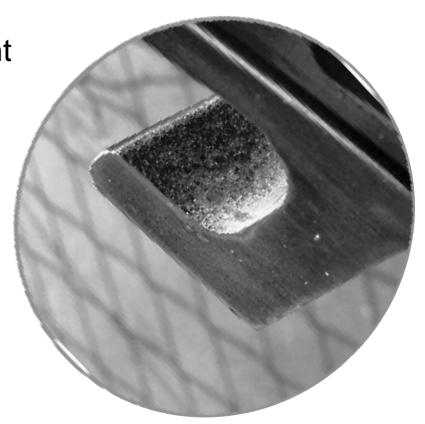


Stator Segment 10-12 Stage

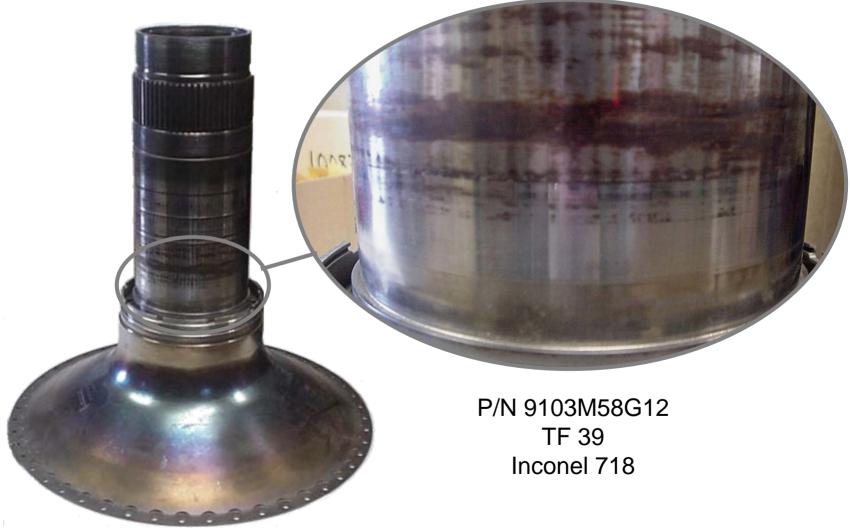
Hardness same as parent material

Wear resistant to "chattering"

ESD repair technique complete



Compressor Rear Shaft



In Summary

Joint Test Report

HCAT Member WorkSpace →ESD→Test Plans→Demonstration Plan

Implementation

Results of materials testing for ElectroSpark Deposition

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